**Things Fall Apart End of Book Test- Study guide**

1. **Vocabulary to know**:

improvident incipient harbingers

copiously bouts valor

malevolence esoteric impenetrably

notorious consolations essences

discern diffused callow

vile ostracize resilient

tumult abominations

1. **People and places to know**

Unoka Umuofia Ezinma

Nwoye Obierika Chukwu

Chielo Mbanta Mr. Brown

Mr. Smith Ikemefuna Okonkwo

1. **Questions-Short Answer**
2. What is foreshadowing? Describe the use of foreshadowing in the novel.
3. Describe the changes that had come to Umuofia in the seven years that Okonkwo was in exile
4. Describe Okonkwo’s physical appearance and personality.
5. Describe the search for Ezinma’s *iyi-uwa*, and explain its significance.
6. What happened to Okonkwo at the end of the story?
7. Where did the missionaries in Mbanta build their church, why were they given that particular piece of land, and what happened to them?
8. Describe the events that happened at Ezeudu’s funeral.
9. What did Okonkwo do whenever he thought of his father’s weakness and failure?
10. How did Okonkwo feel when he returned from the white man’s prison?
11. How did the people view yams?

**IV. Quotations Identify the speaker:**

A. Okonkwo C. Missionary E. Chielo

B. Obierika D. Ezeudu F. Uchendu

1. “*Nna ayi”* he said, “I have brought you this little kola. As our people say, a man who pays

respect to the great, paves the way for his own greatness.”

2. “Beware, Okonkwo! Beware of exchanging words with Agbala. Does a man speak when a god speaks? Beware!”

3. “It’s true that a child belongs to its father, but when a father beats his child, it seeks sympathy in its mother’s hut. A man belongs to his fatherland when things are good and life is sweet. But when there is sorrow and bitterness he finds refuge in his motherland. Your mother is there toprotect you. She is buried there. And that is why we say that mother is supreme.”

4. “Those were good days when a man had friends in distant clans. Your generation does not know that. You stay at home, afraid of your next-door neighbor. Even a man’s motherland is strange to him nowadays.”

5. “We have been sent by this great God to ask you to leave your wicked ways and false gods and turn to him so that you may be saved when you die,” he said.

6. “We do not ask for wealth because he that has health and children will also have wealth. We do not pray to have more money but to have more kinsmen. We are better than animals because we have kinsmen.”

7. “There is no story that is not true. The world has no end, and what is good among one people is an abomination with others.”

8. “How do you think we can fight when our own brothers have turned against us? The white man is very clever. He came quietly and peaceably with his religion. We were amused at his

foolishness and allowed him to stay. Now he has won our brothers, and our clan can no longer act like one. He has put a knife on the things that held us together and we have fallen apart.”

9. “Worthy men are no more. Isike will never forget how we slaughtered them in that war. We killed twelve of their men and they killed only two of ours. Before the end of the fourth market week they were suing for peace. Those were the days when men were men.”

1. “That man was one of the greatest men in Umuofia. You drove him to kill himself; and now he will be buried like a dog.”
2. **Essay: Chose one of the following topics to write an essay. Please write at least 3 paragraphs using examples from the story to complete the essay with an intro and a conclusion.**
3. Do any of the characters change in the course of the novel? If so, who, and how?

2. Explain the significance of the title *Things Fall Apart.*